

Instructions: Write your name, preceptor's name, and pledge on the exam booklet; and write all of your answers in the exam booklet. Please note that the exam has two pages. While you may take up to three hours to complete the exam, it was designed to take no more than two. When you are finished, place your exam and booklet in one of the blue boxes at the front of the room, and leave quietly.

1. Translate the following into predicate logic. You can assume that the domain is people, and so you don't need an additional predicate symbol for "x is a person".
 - (a) There is a person who loves all people who love her. (Use Lxy for "x loves y".)
 - (b) Every lover loves herself. (A "lover" is somebody who loves at least one person.)
 - (c) There are exactly two people.
2. Could the following sentence be true? Explain your answer.

$$(\neg p \vee q) \wedge ((q \rightarrow (\neg r \wedge \neg p)) \wedge (p \vee r))$$

3. Explain what's wrong with the following attempted proof:

1	(1) Fa	A
	(2) $Fa \rightarrow Fa$	1,1 CP
	(3) $\forall y(Fy \rightarrow Fa)$	2 UI
	(4) $\exists x\forall y(Fy \rightarrow Fx)$	3 EI

4. Prove the following sequent. You can use SI or TI, but only if you prove the relevant sequents in your exam booklet, and clearly cross-reference them.

$$\vdash \exists x\forall y(Fy \rightarrow Fx)$$

5. Give a rigorous, but informal, proof of the following fact of set theory:

$$C - (A \cap B) \subseteq (C - A) \cup (C - B)$$

Here we use the definition:

$$\forall x((x \in (C - X)) \leftrightarrow (x \in C \wedge x \notin X)).$$

6. Let A be the set defined inductively by:

- $p \in A$
- If $\phi \in A$ and $\psi \in A$ then $(\phi \rightarrow \psi) \in A$.

Show that for every $\phi \in A$, $\neg\phi \vdash \neg p$.

7. Provide a countermodel to show that the sentence on the left does *not* imply the sentence on the right. In your countermodel, you should explicitly specify a domain, and extensions for all the predicate symbols.

$$\exists x(Fx \rightarrow \exists yGy) \qquad \exists x Fx \rightarrow \exists y G y$$